**Rome**

The remarkable capital city of Italy breathing in the air of staunch romanticism is an identity in itself. Preserving and developing the antiquities and modernities over a period of 3000-years in the galleries of Museo E Galleria Borghese, Capitoline and Pantheon, Rome stands as an astonishing spectacle taking pride in the iconic Colosseum, Roman Forum as well as flaunting masterpieces with Catholic Church and St. Peter Basilica in the Vatican City. Rome has emerged unscathed shining through the legendary Renaissance period which has its imprints even today.

**Tourism in Rome** is globally appraised for explicitly surfacing the unmatchable historical artistry from unprecedented artists like Michelangelo, Raphael, Bernini, and Caravaggio. Walk around the glamour and glaze and get enchanted with the aura of masterstrokes in the giant frescoes and Byzantine mosaics.

Hence, sweep off the feet in cocktail bars and relish over *aperitivo*(pre-dinner-drinks) on the deck of cars, gush over the pizzas and pasta but never get enough of Rome!

**Vatican Museum**

Preserving the relics from the 16th century in honor of the founder Pope Julius II, the Vatican Museum is honored as the world's greatest art reservoir. From the Etruscan bronze to Egyptian mummies, from Raphael's frescoes to gorgeous wonders in Museo Pio-Clementino, **tourism in Rome** is incomplete without observing the noteworthy Sistine Chapel by Michelangelo showcased here.

**Colosseum**

**Rome tourism** gives the opportunity to be a part of the ecstatic gladiatorial arena where the legendary gladiators had battled against the wildest animals in front of 50,000 spectators from the era of AD80. Supported flamboyantly by 240 masts and hiding an underground complex, the Flavian Amphitheatre is a Roman statement altogether.

**Palatino**

**Rome travel guide** gives the opportunity to observe the intricate details, from 753BC as a part of Romulus establishment that beholds a gorgeous Domus Flavia and Orti Farnesiani beside the Stadio peeping out of the pine trees, all of which is majestically sandwiched between Circo Massimo and Roman Forum.

**Roman Forum**

Built as an honorable Etruscan burial in the 7th century, the Roman Theatre has unbelievably developed from the beautiful temples to astonishing forums. The Roman Forum is also home to structures like Casa della Vestali, Curia, and Arco di Settimio Severo.

**Best Time To Visit Rome**

Being the capital city of Italy, a mere name of Rome instills high hopes within. The dream city beholding world-class architectures and sculptures that are unmatchable till time immemorial, Rome calls for severe day-touring and a packed schedule. From hopping around the museums to sightseeing across the prestigious ruins of history and exploring the broken alleys reinvigorated with modern cafés and relishing restaurants, vacationing in Rome needs some obvious pleasant and favorable weather condition. Rome welcomes the pretty season of autumn in the month of September that continues up to the month of October. The Romans residing here also rejoice in the harvesting period during this time. Autumn in Rome experiences an average temperature fluctuating between 16°C and 21°C and the entire city is blessed with bright sunny days. This season also witnesses Romans celebrating the mega food festival when even the tiniest shops brim with mushrooms, chestnuts, and truffles. Hence, it is considered as the **best time to visit Rome**.

Since the weather is moderately cold, tourists are requested to pack some extra woolens for safety precautions.

**How to Reach Rome**

Over the years, the gorgeous capital of Italy has been the seat of rapid developments and at present has several options on **how to reach Rome.**

**How To Reach By Air**

Situated in the Fiumicino province at a distance of 35km from the heart of Rome, Leonardo Da Vinci Airport happens to be the primary international airport that offers **cheap flight tickets** for efficiently connecting the major cities around the world. Besides, Rome is also facilitated with Roma-Urbe Airport and Rome Ciampino Airport which are mainly availed for domestic services.

**How To Reach By Road**

Local buses are efficiently serviced by Baltour, Autostradale and a few more, that connects the neighboring cities in Italy. Europecar or the British Megabus is also praised for efficient transportation to major cities like Venice, Milan, Turin etc.

**How To Reach By Train**

Besides the largest station of Roma Termini, Rome is also honored with efficient services of Roma Trastevere, Roma Tiburtina, Roma Tuscolana and Roma Ostiense, that has frequent train services at regular intervals.

**How To Reach By Waterways**

Civitavecchia is the nearest dock to Rome that harbors ferries from neighboring places in and around Italy.

**Transport**

The antiquity of Rome can always be better explored by strolling across the alleys flaunting marvelous architectures. The city is however connected thoroughly by ATAC local bus services that connect every corner efficiently. Besides, the double-decker, open-top HO-HO buses promise some ecstatic experience of touring the city. One can also go into a costlier mode of **transport** and hire taxis from respective stands. However, they happen to charge extra during the night, Sundays and holidays. Tourists can also rent private bikes, scooters, motopeds and bicycles from Roma BMW Motorcycle, HP Motorrad, etc. that are quite popular in the region. The pavements can be trodden over by Segwalks which can be booked from Ecogo Segway, Rome on Segway, and many more.

**Weather**

The Roman territory is beautifully ruled by the Mediterranean climate which is distinctly divided into specific summer and winter seasons. Where the former experiences hot and dry **weather** conditions, the latter has chilly and humid winters. The average temperature during the winter season, stretching from December to March, prevails around 20’C during the day and 10’C at night. January, being the coldest, witnesses 12’C during day and 3’C at night with little snowfall and 73% humidity. The months between May and September welcomes the pleasant summers when the temperature fluctuates between 30’C being the highest and 18’C the lowest at night.

**Map**

The ecstatic beauty thriving with rich historical cultures and architectural attributes, that have till date survived the turmoil of modernization, gorgeously resides at a latitudinal range of 41(degree)54’N and a longitudinal range of 12(degree)30’E. Located in the Lazio region, the city of Rome is identified as the prestigious capital of Italy. Rome has artistically grown and developed on the banks of River Tiber and River Aniene. Noting the rich history, Rome was initially situated on the seven hills namely Palatine Hill, Aventine Hill, Esquilin Hill, Caelian Hill, Quirinal Hill, Capitoline Hill and Viminal Hill. It encloses a total landmass of 1285 Sq.km and is situated at an elevation of 21m above the sea level.

**Culture/People/Language/History**

The rich **cultures** of Rome flaunt extraordinary paintings, frescoes, sculptures, art, and fashion of course. From garnering praises in Opera to owning the prestigious Teatro dell'Opera di Roma and Parco della Musica, Rome has always had the last word in the field of art. The Roman **culture** is also famous for perfectly blending meat and cheese into rich cuisines of Fettuccine Alfredo, Bruschetta, Spaghetti alla Carbonara etc.

Around 10% of the population of 3 million Romans consists of immigrants from Europe, Philippines, Bangladesh, China and many more. A majority belongs to the Roman Catholics whereas Jews and Muslims too own a noteworthy share.

Though the official **language** of Rome is Italian, English, French, Spanish and Portuguese too are well-spoken by Roman residents here.

Mythology credits the foundation of Rome to the beautiful twins Romulus and Remus, brought up the mother-wolf Lupa. Rome was initially a tiny village on the Palatine Hill in the 8th century which had developed economically and slowly crawled the steps from being the capital of Roman Kingdom to an administrative center of Roman Republic and eventually a part of Roman Empire. Rome was attacked by barbarians twice in 410AD and 455AD. However, after the defeat of Roman Empire in 476AD, Rome was taken over by Ostrogoths in 537AD, Saracens in 846AD and Normans in 1084. It was elected as the capital of Papal States during the Middle Age and in 800, Charlemagne was honored as the King of St.Peter. Henceforth, it had witnessed thorough destruction, even so during the reign of Papals in 1377. It had also been a majestic part of the Renaissance era during the 15th century. Rome was ruled by Napoleon army between 1805 and 1814, but with the Roman soldiers kicking out Papacy in 1849, the city was brought to modern-lights. After defeating France in Franco-Prussian War, Rome was finally enlightened under Italian Republic in 1946.